

The Distinctiveness of the Morning Newspaper

(From the Atlanta Constitution)

IN nearly every section of the country the representative newspapers are issued in the morning---the New York World, the New York Times, the New York Herald, the Chicago Tribune, the Washington Post, the Memphis Commercial-Appeal, the New Orleans Times-Democrat, the New Orleans Picayune, the Seattle Post-Intelligencer, the Los Angeles Times, the Springfield (Mass.) Republican,

The Times-Dispatch

the Houston Post, the Cincinnati Enquirer, the Cleveland Plain-Dealer, the St. Louis Globe-Democrat, the St. Louis Republic, the Minneapolis Tribune, the Louisville Courier-Journal and the Atlanta Constitution.

These are the names that come to one's mind instantly when leading newspapers are thought of. Why? Not because of their age, the extent of their circulation, the names of their owners, the volume of their advertising, or such special distinctions, but because they are REPRESENTATIVE. They reflect sectional sentiment. They are the most forceful editorial influences in their community.---The Atlanta Constitution.

KING WILL CREATE NO NOBLES IN FUTURE

William II. of Wurtemberg, Renounces Valuable Prerogative of Crown.

BY LA MARQUISE DE PONTENROY.

GERMANY'S royal Boniface, King William II. of Wurtemberg, who derives a handsome revenue from his publicly recognized ownership of the principal hotel and of the chief restaurant in Stuttgart, has announced that from henceforth he will create no more nobles, thus renouncing a valuable prerogative of the crown. Those of his subjects who already possess nobiliary titles, either by grant or by inheritance, are welcome to keep them, and it is up to them to see that the aristocracy of the kingdom, as now constituted, does not become extinct, for no further additions thereto will be made by the crown.

This move on the part of King William, who is a veteran of the war of 1870, and the only German ruler, except the reigning Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Strelitz, to wear the Iron Cross, won in that conflict on the battlefield as a subaltern cavalry officer, meets with general approval among his subjects. The existing nobles are gratified at the idea that their ranks will now become exclusive, since the aristocracy will be restricted solely to inheritance. The bourgeoisie is equally pleased, for it

is proud of its status, and prefers to aim at becoming the head thereof, rather than at the tail of the nobility.

Hitherto all the higher orders of knighthood in Wurtemberg, as in many other of the sovereign states of Germany, have carried with them, ex officio, elevation to the nobility. Now there are plenty of leading citizens of Wurtemberg who are very glad to accept a decoration as a recognition of services rendered to the state, but who, proud of their descent from a line of bankers, merchants or manufacturers, are unwilling to embellish their name with a nobiliary title which their ancestors did not possess, and which seems in their eyes to separate them from their peers.

King William is a very democratic monarch. Whereas his brother sovereigns, in their speeches from the throne to the national legislature, either in their own palaces or in the houses of Parliament, invariably don their helmet or their chapau while speaking, in token of their sovereignty and for the purpose of emphasizing their supremacy over all present, the ruler of Wurtemberg declines to follow this custom. He declares that in these modern days the sovereignty of the nation is shared by the crown with the people, that the two things go together, and that, since the representatives of the people present are all bareheaded during the speech from the

throne, there is no reason why he, also representative of the people, should not similarly remain uncovered.

While thus far no other monarch has followed him in this particular, several of them manifest a similar reluctance to bestow nobiliary titles. Thus, Emperor Nicholas for some time past has declined to grant the rank of baron, count or prince to any one who has male heirs, thus insuring the lapse of the dignity on the death of the grantee. He created Sergius Witte, former Premier and plenipotentiary at the Peace Congress of Portsmouth, N. H., a count, because he had no son, but only a daughter, married to one of the Nihilists. He is about to confer a similar title upon his present Prime Minister, Kokovtzeff, who is likewise without male issue. But he has resolutely declined to grant any title to his Foreign Minister Sazonoff, because the latter happens to have several sons.

Emperor William, in granting titles of count, prince or duke, invariably makes the honor "ad personam," that is to say, for life only, his object being that he may be free to revive the dignity in the person of a younger son of the original grantee, in the event of the elder son proving himself unworthy. A notable instance of this kind was the late Prince Munster, ambassador at Paris, and chief German plenipotentiary at the first Peace Conference of The Hague. His title of prince lapsed with his death, but has been since revived in favor of his second son, Alexander, the eldest son having proved himself to be the black sheep of the family.

The present radical administration at Copenhagen have pledged themselves to withhold the necessary ministerial sanction to the bestowal of

any grant of a nobiliary title by the crown as long as they remain in office; while in Greece, Roumania, Bulgaria and Serbia, not only is the sovereign debarred by the Constitution from bestowing titles, but the use by their citizens of any such dignities is prohibited by law, as a penal offense.

Mme. Bourbaki, whose death has just taken place in the neighborhood of Bayonne, on the Franco-Spanish border, was the widow of the general who played so memorable a role in the war of 1870, and was in her day a notable figure at the court of the Tuilleries, and a member of the immediate entourage of Empress Eugenie.

Her husband was inveigled out of the beleaguered fortress of Metz by a summons from Empress Eugenie to confer with her in England, the German besiegers passing him through their lines in the belief that his interview with her might promote the conclusion of peace. When Bourbaki reached England, he found that the message from the Empress was bogus, and that he had been made the victim of an extraordinary hoax by a mysterious individual of the name of Isengard, for what reason no one to this day knows. In fact, the true inwardness of this episode has never been revealed.

Denied by the Germans permission to rejoin his comrades in the besieged fortress of Metz, he placed his sword at the service of the provisional government at Tours, was entrusted with the command of what was known as the Army of the East, composed in the main of utterly untrained and young soldiers, many of them wholly ignorant even of the use of firearms. They were driven over the frontier into Switzerland by the Germans under General Werder, and when Bourbaki realized that his army, such as it was, had been routed and had ceased to exist, being interned in Switzerland, he attempted to blow his brains out. To the amazement of every one, he survived, and lived to an advanced old age. His sister, Mme. Le Breton, was lady in waiting until her death to Empress Eugenie, throughout many years of the latter's widowhood.

The only other former women of the Empress are the Countess Adolphe Clary, formerly Mme. Marlon, the wife of General des Garetts, who was Mme. de Lammat, and Mme. Carotte, formerly Mme. Bouvet; all three, as young girls, were "electrices," that is to say, readers of the Empress, at Tuilleries. The venerable Baroness de Bourgoing, widow of one of the equerries of Napoleon III., equally aged Baroness Morio de L'Isle, whose husband was one of the masters of the ceremonies at the Tuilleries, the octogenarian and widowed Comtesse de Baillencourt, whose husband was one of the generals of the Imperial Guard, and a member of the military household of the Emperor; and the widowed Marquise de Chasseloup-Laubat, whose husband was Minister of Marine, may also be mentioned as among the very few survivors of the court of the Tuilleries.

Among the men, there remain M. Raimbeaux, that quarry of Napoleon III. who, by spurring his horse forward to receive the bullet of the Polish regicide, Berzowski, saved the life of Czar Alexander II. and of Napoleon III., when driving home from Longchamp through the Bois de Boulogne, in 1867. Two other equerries of Napoleon III., namely, the Marquis du Bourg, and the Marquis d'Aulan, are still living, as well as General the Marquis d'Espuilles, and Admiral Charles Dupere, who were aides-de-camp of the ill-fated Prince Imperial until the fall of the empire. One of the military corps accredited to the Tuilleries, there are left only the widowed Princess Pauline Metternich, ambassadress of Austria-Hungary during the last eleven years of the French empire, and Lady Peo Bertie, now British ambassadress in Paris, and who made her debut in society in 1868, at the court of the Tuilleries, to which her father, the first Earl Cowley, was accredited as ambassador. (Copyright, 1913, by the Brentwood Company.)

ALL REPORTED SAFE

Commissioner Evans and Crew of Wasp Rescued, Schooner Lost. Washington, September 27.—A. N. Evans, Commissioner of Education for Alaska, and the crew of the schooner Wasp, lost for days in the Bering Sea, a craft at St. Michaels, 100 miles from Nome. The Wasp was wrecked. A wireless report to revenue cutter headquarters gives no details.

SUNDAY SERVICES IN CITY CHURCHES

"The Tone Mission of the Church" will be the subject of Dr. W. J. Young's sermon this morning in Centenary Methodist Church. Special Rally Day exercises will be observed in the Sunday school. The pastor's theme this evening will be "A Marriage a Failure," designed especially for the young people.

Dr. W. Asbury Christian will preach to-night in Union Station Methodist Church on "The State Fair as a Liquor Dealers--Will You be a Partner in the Business?" He will preach this morning on "Christ the Leader."

In Hanover Avenue Christian Church to-day there will be special services in celebration of Rally Day. The pastor, Rev. George W. Kemper, will conduct the services this morning. This evening the congregation will unite in union services in Westminster Presbyterian Church.

Following Sunday school at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon, there will be preaching in Colonial Place Christian Church by Rev. R. A. Atkins.

The pastor, Dr. W. C. James, will conduct both services to-day in Grove Avenue Baptist Church. He will deliver an illustrated lecture this evening on the subject, "At the Gates and Within."

Rev. Arthur E. Cox, a former member of the church, will preach this morning in Grace Street Baptist Church. The pastor will preach to-night on the "Vision of the World Needs."

Vocation and Rally Day will be observed in Clay Street Methodist Church to-day. "What Vocation Day" means will be shown in an interesting program. The topic of the evening sermon will be "The Healing of the Man Born Blind."

"Traps for Men--Will the State Fair be an Illustration?" will be the subject of a sermon by Rev. E. V. Carson in Fairmount Avenue Christian Church this morning. The topic of the evening sermon will be "The Healing of the Man Born Blind."

In Park Place Methodist Episcopal Church the pastor, the Rev. J. J. Bradford, will preach at both services to-day. The evening sermon will be "The Meaning of Manhood."

In St. John's German Evangelical Church the congregation and Sunday school will unite in special Rally Day services this morning. There will be music by a quartet, choir and orchestra.

Regular services will be held in First United Church to-day. The subject will be "The Thirst for the Living God."

Regular services will be conducted this morning in First Church of Christ, Scientists. The subject will be "Reality."

TO DARKEN HAIR APPLY SAGE TEA

A few applications of Sage Tea and Sulphur brings back its vigor, color, gloss and thickness.

Common garden sage brewed into a heavy tea with sulphur and alcohol added, will turn gray, streaked and faded hair beautifully dark and luxuriant, remove every bit of dandruff, stop scalp itching and falling hair. Just a few applications will prove a revelation if your hair is fading, gray or dry, scraggly and thin. Mixing the Sage Tea and Sulphur recipe at home, though, is troublesome. An easier way is to get the ready-to-use tonic, costing about 50 cents a large bottle at drug stores, known as "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," thus avoiding a lot of fuss.

While wispy, gray, faded hair is not sinful, we all desire to retain our youthful appearance and attractiveness. By darkening your hair with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it does it so naturally, so evenly. You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time; by morning all gray hairs have disappeared, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and luxuriant.—Advertisement.

the attendance campaign, and all members are urged to be present. Commencement Day will be observed in the Sunday school, beginning at 9:30 o'clock.

STILL FLOCKING TO LIVELY VENICE

Venice, September 27.—The autumn influx of Americans is now at its height. All the principal hotels are doing an enormous business, and the sea bathing is still in full swing.

The second fancy dress ball given by the Marchioness Castiglioni—whom Gabriele d'Annunzio proclaimed one of the three most beautiful women in Italy—occurred this week, and is still the talk of the bathing colony.

In every detail the ball was a faithful reproduction of a like affair of the seventeenth century. A series of tableaux, portraying Venetian life, was one of the features. Several hundred guests enjoyed the pictures.

Among those participating in the tableaux were the Duchess Torlonia, who was Miss Elsie Moore, of New York; Mrs. Gail Gardner, Mrs. Nancy Leeds, Lady Sarah Wilson, and her daughter, Miss Muriel Wilson, and Prince Alexander of Serbia. Among the costumed throng present were Lady and Miss Junard and the Duchess of Manchester.

Anthony Drexel entertained at a dinner party on Thursday in honor of the Grand Duchess Vladimir of Russia. John S. Sargent, the celebrated American painter, was present.

Day Gould is at the Hotel Royal Danubius, and Robert Chandler is at the Grand.

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Made of a very fine all-wool stripe, two-toned boucle, beautiful colorings of black and white, green and black, brown and black, blue and black and solid black, lined throughout with guaranteed satin of contrasting colors except in the black, which is lined with black; large shawl collar and cuffs of plush; more style and value in this coat than any coat you have ever seen at the price of, \$15.00

Suits at \$25

We are featuring Suits at \$25.00, in all the most wanted materials; the coloring, style, in both plain and trimmed models, are right up to the minute in all the essential points; garments offered here at this price cannot be equaled; \$25.00 hundreds of them at

The Importance of Altering

This firm, realizing the great necessity of garments properly fitted and finished, has spared no expense in the procuring of expert men tailors for this work, thus giving to each and every garment the appearance of being tailored-to-order.

